

Environmental Product Declaration

GUT/Prodis ID:

ege®

Epoca Profile ECT350

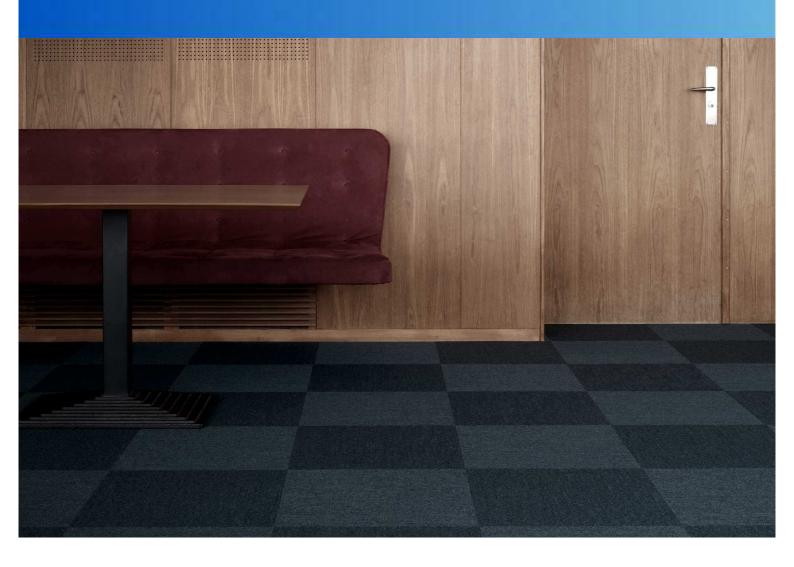
total pile weight: 625 g/m²

pile material: polyamide 6.6, continuous dyed

backing: Ecotrust350

These EPD data are <u>only valid</u> in combination with the environmental product declaration EPD-EGE-20200186-CCD1-EN published by Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU) and a GUT/Prodis license

This data set gives product specific LCA results based on the calculation procedure described in the above mentioned EPD.





Calculation method for similar Products of the EPD document

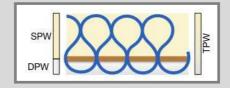
The EPD document is valid for all products with a surface pile weight lower or equal to the declared maximum pile weight of 1500 g/m².

The respective declaration number is EPD-EGE-20200186-CCD1-EN.

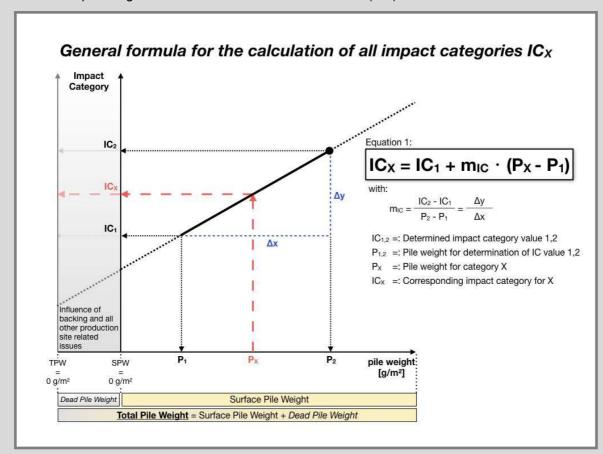
This document indicates more specific LCA results for (a) product(s) with identical material compositions and production parameters. The product(s) belong(s) to the same family of products and only differ in its/their pile weight(s).

LCA results show a linear correlation with the total pile weight, for all impact categories (IC) and all modules (A-D). It is possible to calculate specific LCA results (IC_x) for every carpet (x) within the declared group of products in relation to its total pile weight (P_x).

The total pile weight (TPW) is the sum of surface pile weight (SPW) and dead pile weight (DPW):



The surface pile weight is the technical relevant value according to EN 1307 and has to be mentioned in technical specification. As shown in the figure below alternatively to the total pile weight the surface pile weight can be used to calculate LCA results (ICx).



 $\textbf{Graph 1:} \ \text{General formula for the calculation of all impact categories } \ \text{IC}x.$



General Information on use stages B1 to B7

LCA results indicate environmental impacts resulting from use stage B1 to B7.

For textile floor coverings only modules B1 (use) and B2 (maintenance) are taken into account. Modules B3 (repair), B4 (replacement), B5 (refurbishment), B6 (operational energy use) and B7 (operational water use) are not relevant during the service life of textile floor coverings.

Module B1 'use' includes emissions to the indoor air during the use stage. Relevant emissions only occur in the first year of life (see LCA: Calculation rules).

Module B2 'maintenance' includes cleaning procedures.

Reference service life (RSL)

The actual service life of textile floor coverings depends on a wide range of various impact factors such as the allocation of the application area to the use class, maintenance, intensity of use and most often fashion and building related aspects. Therefore, technical service life cannot be defined for textile floor coverings.

Total environmental impacts from module B2

Total environmental impacts have to be calculated by taking into account the service life of textile floor coverings. Therefore, the assumed real life (ARSL) has to be used for the calculation of total environmental impacts taking into account the expected use conditions (see RSL). Module B2 (maintenance) is depending on the service life.

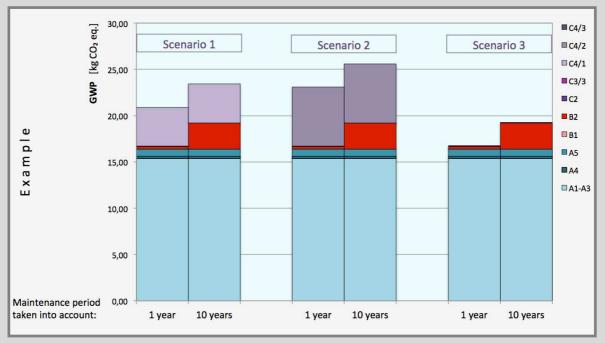
Values for module B2 given in the result tables are indicated for the period of one year. They have to be multiplied by the ARSL of the textile floor covering taking into account building related aspects.

The influence of the maintenance period on the Global Warming Potential (GWP) of the whole life cycle of a textile floor covering - differentiated for 3 end-of-life scenarios - is illustrated in the graph below.

3 end-of-life scenarios:

Scenario 1: 100 % Landfill disposal

Scenario 2: 100 % Municipal waste incineration Scenario 3: 100 % Recycling in the cement industry



Graph 2: Global Warming Potential (GWP) - aggregation of module A to module C - taking into account a maintenance period of 1 year compared to a maintenance period of 10 years - for the three declared end-of-life scenarios.



1. Information on the product Epoca Profile ECT350

Product description

Name	Value	Unit
Type of manufacture	woven tiles	-
Yarn type	polyamide 6.6, continuous dyed	-
Total pile weight	625	g/m²
Secondary backing	Ecotrust350	-
Product Form	48 x 48cm	-
Max. total carpet weight	2655	g/m²

Base materials / Ancillary materials

Name	Value for category	Unit
Polyamide 6.6	21,7	%
Polyester	25,4	%
Mineral filler	6,5	%
Aluminiumhydroxide	25,4	%
Polymer dispersion (solid content)	20,5	%
Additives	0,5	%
Recycled content out of total weight	13 %	

LCA: Declared Unit

Name	Value for category	Unit
Declared unit	1,0	m²
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0,38	m²/kg
Mass reference	2.7	ka/m²

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

All indicated values refer to the declared functional unit

Transport to the construction site (A4)

Name	Value for category	Unit
Litres of fuel (truck, EURO 0-6 mix)	0,0062	l/100km
Transport distance	700	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%

Installation in the building (A5)

Name	Value for category	Unit
Material lost	0,08	kg

Maintenance (B2)

Indication per m² and year

Name	Value for category	Unit
Maintenance cycle (wet cleaning)	1,5	1/year
Maintenance cycle (vacuum cleaning)	208	1/year
Water consumption (wet cleaning)	0,004	m³
Cleaning agent (wet cleaning)	0,09	kg
Electricity consumption	0,314	kWh

End of Life (C1-C4)

Name	Value for category	Unit
Collected as mixed construction waste (scenario 1 and 2)	2,66	kg/m²
Collected separately (scenario 3)	2,66	kg/m ²
Landfilling (scenario 1)	2,66	kg/m ²
Energy recovery (scenario 2)	2,66	kg/m²
Energy recovery (scenario 3)	1,81	kg/m²
Recycling (scenario 3)	0,85	kg/m²



LCA: Results for Epoca Profile ECT350

(calculated with a total pile weight of 625 g/m²)

The declared result figures in module B2 have to be multiplied by the assumed service time (in years) of the floor covering in the building considered (see chapter: 'General Information on use stages B1 to B7').

Information on un-declared modules:

Modules B3 - B7 are not relevant during the service life of the carpet and are therefore not declared.

Modules C1, C3/1, C4/2 and C4/3 cause no additional impact and are therefore not declared.

Module C2 represents the transport for scenarios 1, 2 and 3.

Description of the system boundary

(X = Included in LCA; MDN = Module not declared)

State of production	State of construction phase	State of use	End of life state	Credits and loads after life
X B transport X B manufacturing	X Y delivery X G installation	Lase use maintenance maintenan	Stop of use / demolition X S transport X S waste management X S disposal	x o recycling potential

Results for the LCA - Environmental impact: 1 m² floor covering

Para- meter	Unit	A1-A3	A 4	A 5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D/A5	D/1	D/2	D/3
GWP	[kg CO2-eq]	9,56E+00	1,48E-01	4,27E-01	0,00E+00	2,92E-01	8,06E-03	4,30E+00	1,34E-02	1,64E-01	-4,63E-02	0,00E+00	-1,45E+00	-4,18E-01
ODP	[kg CFC11-eq]	1,23E-09	2,43E-17	3,67E-11	0,00E+00	1,21E-08	1,32E-18	9,53E-16	3,99E-16	5,33E-16	-6,55E-16	0,00E+00	-2,05E-14	-2,61E-15
AP	[kg SO2-eq]	1,27E-02	6,24E-04	4,56E-04	0,00E+00	1,16E-03	3,40E-05	1,80E-03	2,80E-05	4,46E-04	-5,83E-05	0,00E+00	-1,83E-03	-1,64E-03
EP	[kg PO4)3-eq]	2,40E-03	1,56E-04	9,06E-05	0,00E+00	3,17E-04	8,54E-06	4,54E-04	3,10E-06	4,66E-04	-7,27E-06	0,00E+00	-2,27E-04	-1,90E-04
POCP	[kg ethen-eq]	1,39E-03	-2,63E-04	3,67E-05	6,29E-05	1,48E-04	-1,44E-05	1,15E-04	2,00E-06	5,03E-05	-5,32E-06	0,00E+00	-1,67E-04	-1,88E-04
ADPE	[kg Sb-eq]	4,16E-06	1,25E-08	1,27E-07	0,00E+00	4,43E-06	6,82E-10	7,30E-08	4,48E-09	3,18E-08	-8,64E-09	0,00E+00	-2,71E-07	-3,41E-07
ADPF	[MJ]	1,84E+02	2,01E+00	5,61E+00	0,00E+00	6,76E+00	1,10E-01	1,38E+00	1,48E-01	2,45E+00	-6,49E-01	0,00E+00	-2,04E+01	-3,94E+01

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources



Results for the LCA - Resource use: 1 m² floor covering

Para- meter	Unit	A1-A3	A 4	A 5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D/A5	D/1	D/2	D/3
PERE	[MJ]	2,62E+01	1,13E-01	1,13E+00	0,00E+00	1,20E+00	6,18E-03	2,28E-01	1,06E-01	1,77E-01	-1,74E-01	0,00E+00	-5,46E+00	-5,96E-01
PERM	[MJ]	3,22E-01	0,00E+00	-3,22E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[MJ]	2,65E+01	1,13E-01	8,05E-01	0,00E+00	1,20E+00	6,18E-03	2,28E-01	1,06E-01	1,77E-01	-1,74E-01	0,00E+00	-5,46E+00	-5,96E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	1,48E+02	2,02E+00	5,99E+00	0,00E+00	7,86E+00	1,10E-01	4,68E+01	4,56E+01	2,53E+00	-7,98E-01	0,00E+00	-2,50E+01	-3,97E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	4,53E+01	0,00E+00	-7,56E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-4,53E+01	-4,53E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	1,94E+02	2,02E+00	5,91E+00	0,00E+00	7,86E+00	1,10E-01	1,54E+00	2,40E-01	2,53E+00	-7,98E-01	0,00E+00	-2,50E+01	-3,97E+01
SM	[kg]	4,59E-01	0,00E+00	1,38E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,71E-01
RSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
NRSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,18E+01
FW	[m³]	3,00E-02	1,32E-04	1,26E-03	0,00E+00	4,27E-03	7,17E-06	1,13E-02	1,23E-04	3,10E-05	-2,02E-04	0,00E+00	-6,32E-03	-3,77E-03

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PERE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PERF = Use of renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PERF = Use of renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PERF = Use of renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; PERF = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

Results for the LCA - Output flows and waste categories: 1 m² floor covering

Para- meter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A 5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D/A5	D/1	D/2	D/3
HWD	[kg]	3,03E-07	9,40E-08	1,23E-08	0,00E+00	9,63E-10	5,13E-09	4,98E-09	9,92E-11	9,23E-09	-3,18E-10	0,00E+00	-9,98E-09	2,52E-09
NHWD	[kg]	4,34E-01	3,09E-04	2,43E-02	0,00E+00	5,63E-03	1,68E-05	3,75E-01	1,70E-04	2,43E+00	-3,69E-04	0,00E+00	-1,16E-02	-2,94E-01
RWD	[kg]	3,86E-03	2,50E-06	1,18E-04	0,00E+00	3,38E-04	1,37E-07	6,07E-05	3,64E-05	3,05E-05	-5,95E-05	0,00E+00	-1,87E-03	-1,58E-04
CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	[kg]	3,29E-02	0,00E+00	1,15E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,71E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MER	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,66E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EEE	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,31E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,28E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EET	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,16E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,31E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

Caption HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A1

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Declaration number EPD-EGE-20200186-CCD1-EN

Valid to 24/11/2020

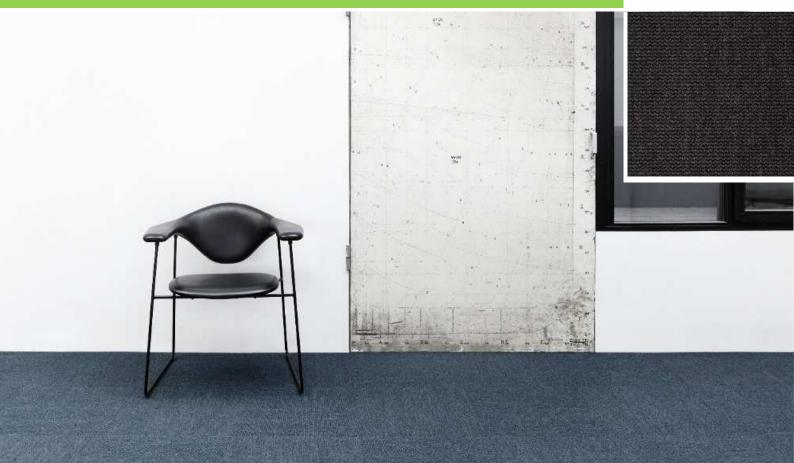
Epoca woven Ecotrust350

woven carpet tiles, pile material polyamide 6.6, max. total pile weight 1500 g/m² continuous dyeing method, Ecotrust350 backing system

ege®



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General Information

ege®	Epoca Ecotrust350
	woven carpet tiles, pile material
	polyamide 6.6, max. total pile weight
	1500 g/m ² , continuous dyeing method,
	Ecotrust350 backing system
Programme holder	Owner of the declaration
IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.	Ege Carpets A/S
Panoramastr. 1	Industrivej Nord 25
10178 Berlin	7400 Herning
Germany	Denmark
Declaration number	Declared product / declared unit
EPD-EGE-20200186-CCD1-EN	1 m ² woven carpet tiles with a pile material of
	polyamide 6.6
This declaration is based on the product	Scope:
category rules:	The manufacturer declaration applies to a group of
Floor coverings, 02/2018	similar products with a maximum total pile weight of
(PCR checked and approved by the SVR)	1500 g/m². The products are manufactured in the ege production sites Gram and Herning, Denmark, and in
	the Bentzon Carpets site Røjle, Denmark.
Issue date	LCA results for products with a maximum total pile
24/11/2020	weight of 400 g/m ² can be taken from the
	corresponding tables of the annexe. Specific data for
Valid to	every product within the declared group of products in
23/11/2025	relation to its total pile weight can be calculated by
	using equation 1 given in the annexe (see annexe
	chapter: 'General Information on the annexe').
	It is only valid in conjunction with a valid GUT-PRODIS
	license of the product.
	The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the
	underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not
	be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life
	cycle assessment data and evidences.
	The EPD was created according to the specifications of EN 15804+A1. In the following, the standard will be
	simplified as EN 15804.
	Verification
May 1/ he	The standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR
Man Poken	Independent verification of the declaration and data
Dipl. Ing. Hans Peters	according to /SO 14025:2010
(chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)	internally x externally
1	1 1 01 0
Stonk Kils	Angela Schindle
	J
Dr. Alexander Röder (Managing Director Institut Rauen und Umwelt e V))	Angela Schindler

Product

Information about the enterprise

Founded in 1938 and consistently using the most advanced technology in the industry, Ege Carpets have developed into one of Europe's leading carpet companies. Guided by the strategy; "We design beautiful carpets for a sustainable future", Ege Carpets craft unique textile flooring sustainably by turning waste into resources while striving to keep components in closed circles and become CO₂ positive.

Product description/Product definition

Epoca woven Ecotrust350 - woven carpet tiles with a pile material made of polyamide 6.6 with an admixture of polyester and an Ecotrust350 backing made of 100% recycled polyester.

The carpet is coloured by a continuous dyeing method. The minimum recycled content out of total weight is 10% with a total pile weight of 1500 g/m².



The calculations refer to a total pile weight of maximum 1500 g/m².

LCA results for products with a maximum total pile weight of 400 g/m² can be taken from the corresponding tables of the annexe.

Results for specific products with any other total pile weight can be calculated by using equation 1 given in the annexe (see annexe chapter: 'General Information on the annexe').

For the placing on the market of the product in the European Union/European Free Trade Association (EU/EFTA) (with the exception of Switzerland) Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011 Construction Product Regulation (CPR) applies. The product needs a Declaration of Performance (DoP) taking into consideration EN 14041, Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Essential characteristics, May 2018, and the CE-marking. The DoP of the product can be found on the manufacturer's technical information section. For the application and use of the product the respective national provisions apply.

Application

According to the use class as defined in *EN 1307* the products can be used in all professional areas which require class 33 or less.



Technical Data

The performance data listed in the DoP apply.

Value	Unit
Tiles of various dimensions	-
Woven loop pile carpet	-
Polyamide 6.6 with an	
admixture of polyester	-
Continuous dyed	
Ecotrust350 - felt backing	
made of 100% recycled	-
polyester	
max. 1500	g/m²
max. 3530	g/m²
	Tiles of various dimensions Woven loop pile carpet Polyamide 6.6 with an admixture of polyester Continuous dyed Ecotrust350 - felt backing made of 100% recycled polyester max. 1500

Performance data of the product in accordance with the declaration of performance with respect to its essential characteristics according to *EN 14041*. Additional product properties in accordance with *EN 1307* can be found on the Product Information System *PRODIS* using the *PRODIS* registration number of the product (www.pro-dis.info) or on the manufacturer's technical information section (www.egecarpets.com).

Base materials/Ancillary materials

Name	Value	Unit
Polyamide 6.6	39.1	%
Polyester	21.1	%
Mineral filler	4.9	%
Aluminium hydroxide	19.1	%
Polymer dispersion (solid content)	15.4	%
Additives	0.4	%

The products are registered in the GUT-PRODIS Information System. The PRODIS system ensures the compliance with limitations of various chemicals and Volatile Organic Compound (VOC)-emissions and a ban on the use of all substances that are listed as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) under REACH.

This product contains substances listed in the *ECHA* candidate list (16.01.2020) exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: no

Reference service life

A calculation of the reference service life according to *ISO 15686* is not possible.

The service life of textile floor coverings strongly depends on the correct installation taking into account the declared use classification and the adherence to cleaning and maintenance instructions.

A minimum service life of 10 years can be assumed, technical service life can be considerably longer.

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared Unit

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m ²
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.28	-
Mass reference	3.53	kg/m²

The declared unit refers to 1 m² produced textile floor covering. Output of module A5 'Assembly' is 1 m² installed textile floor covering.

System boundary

Type of EPD: Cradle-to-grave

<u>System boundaries of modules A, B, C, D:</u>
Modules C3, C4 and D are indicated separately for three end-of-life scenarios:

- 1 landfill disposal
- 2 municipal waste incineration
- 3 recovery in a cement plant

A1-A3 Production:

Energy supply and production of the basic material, processing of secondary material, auxiliary material, transport of the material to the manufacturing site, emissions, waste water treatment, packaging material and waste processing up to the landfill disposal of residual waste (except radioactive waste). Benefits for generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of production waste are aggregated.

Biogenic carbon that is stored in renewable material (packaging paper) is taken into account as well as the associated carbon dioxide uptake from the air from which this biogenic carbon comes.



A4 Transport:

Transport of the packed textile floor covering from factory gate to the place of installation.

A5 Installation:

Installation of the textile floor covering, processing of installation waste and packaging waste up to the landfill disposal of residual waste (except radioactive waste), the production of the amount of carpet that occurs as installation waste including its transport to the place of installation.

Generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of waste are listed in the result table as exported energy.

Biogenic carbon that is stored in renewable materials in packaging paper is released as carbon dioxide emissions into the air at the end of life in module A5. Preparation of the floor and auxiliary materials (adhesives, fixing agents, PET connectors) are beyond the system boundaries and not taken into account.

B1 Use:

Indoor emissions during the use stage. After the first year, no product related Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions are relevant due to known VOC decay curves of the product.

B2 Maintenance:

Cleaning of the textile floor covering for a period of 1 year:

Vacuum cleaning – electricity supply Wet cleaning – electricity, water consumption, production of the cleaning agent, waste water treatment.

The declared values in this module have to be multiplied by the assumed service life of the floor covering in the building in question.

B3 - B7:

The modules are not relevant and therefore not declared.

C1 De-construction:

The floor covering is de-constructed manually and no additional environmental impact is caused.

C2 Transport:

Transport of the carpet waste to a landfill, to the municipal waste incineration plant (MWI) or to the waste collection facility for recycling.

C3 Waste processing:

C3-1: Landfill disposal needs no waste processing.

C3-2: Impact from waste incineration (plant with

R1>0.6), generated electricity and steam are listed in the result table as exported energy.

C3-3: Collection of the carpet waste, waste processing (granulating).

C4 Disposal

C4-1: Impact from landfill disposal,

C4-2: The carpet waste leaves the system in module C3-2.

C4-3: The pre-processed carpet waste leaves the system in module C3-3.

D Recycling potential:

Calculated benefits result from materials exclusive secondary materials (net materials).

D-A5: Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of packaging and installation waste (incineration plant with R1 > 0.6),

D-1: Benefits for generated energy due to landfill disposal of carpet waste at the end-of-life,

D-2: Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of carpet waste at the end-of-life (incineration plant with R1 > 0.6),

D-3: Benefits for saved fossil energy and saved inorganic material due to recovery of the carpet in a cement plant at the end-of-life, transport from the reprocessing plant to the cement kiln.

Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to *EN 15804* and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

Background data are taken from the *GaBi database* 2020, service pack 40. Remaining data gaps are covered by the *ecoinvent* 3.6 database, 2019..

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information refer to the declared modules and are the basis for calculations or can be used for further calculations. The indicated values refer to the declared functional unit of all products with a max. total pile weight of 1500 g/m 2 .

Transport to the construction site (A4)

Transport to the construction one (711)										
Name	Value	Unit								
Litres of fuel (truck, EURO 0-6 mix)	0.0083	I/100km								
Transport distance	700	km								
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%								

Installation in the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Material loss	0.11	kg

Polyethene packaging waste and installation waste are considered to be incinerated in a municipal waste incineration plant. Cardboard packaging waste is going to be recycled.

Preparation of the floor and auxiliaries (adhesives,

fixing agents, PET connectors etc.) are not taken into account.

Maintenance (B2)

The values for cleaning refer to 1 m² floor covering used in commercial areas per year.

Depending on the application based on *ISO* 10874, the technical service life recommended by the manufacturer and the anticipated strain on the floor by customers, the case-specific useful life can be established. Based on this useful life the effects of module B2 need to be calculated in order to obtain the overall environmental impacts.

Name	Value	Unit
Maintenance cycle (wet cleaning)	1.5	1/year
Maintenance cycle (vacuum cleaning)	208	1/year
Water consumption (wet cleaning)	0.004	m ³
Cleaning agent (wet cleaning)	0.09	kg
Electricity consumption	0.314	kWh



Further information on cleaning and maintenance see www.egecarpets.com

End of Life (C1-C4)

Three different end-of-life scenarios are declared and the results are indicated separately in module C. Each scenario is calculated as a 100% scenario.

Scenario 1: 100% landfill disposal

Scenario 2: 100% municipal waste incineration (MWI)

with R1>0.6

Scenario 3: 100% recycling in the cement industry

If combinations of these scenarios have to be calculated this should be done according to the following scheme:

EOL-impact = x% impact (Scenario 1) + y% impact (Scenario 2) + z% impact (Scenario 3)

with x% + y% + z% = 100%

Name	Value	Unit				
Collected as mixed construction waste	3.53	kg				
(scenario 1 and 2)	3.53					
Collected separately (scenario 3)	3.53	kg				
Landfilling (scenario 1)	3.53	kg				
Energy recovery (scenario 2)	3.53	kg				
Energy recovery (scenario 3)	2,68	kg				
Recycling (scenario 3)	0.85	kg				

Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Recovery or recycling potentials due to the three endof-life scenarios (module C) are indicated separately.

Recycling in the cement industry (scenario 3) VDZ e.V.

The organic material of the carpet is used as an alternative fuel in a cement kiln. It mainly substitutes for lignite (64.5%), hard coal (26.5%) and petrol coke (9.0%).

The inorganic material is substantially integrated into the cement clinker and substitutes for original material input.



LCA: Results

The LCA results refer to all declared products with a maximum total pile weight of 1500 g/m².

LCA results for products with a maximum total pile weight of 400 g/m² can be taken from the corresponding tables of the annexe. Results for specific products with any other total pile weight can be calculated by using equation 1 given in the annexe (see annexe chapter: 'General Information on the annexe').

The declared result figures in module B2 have to be multiplied by the assumed service life (in years) of the floor covering in the building under consideration.

Information on un-declared modules: Modules B6, B7, C1, C3/1, C4/2 and C4/3 cause no additional impact (see chapter "LCA: Calculation rules" in this document) and are therefore marked as 'modules not declared' (MND). Module C2 represents the transport for scenarios 1, 2 and 3. Column D represents module D/A5. The calculations are based on the *CML* characterization factors (version January 2016).

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED;

MNR	= MO	DULE	NOT F	RELE\	/ANT)											
PROI	CONSTRUCTI ON PROCESS STAGE CONSTRUCTI ON PROCESS STAGE END OF						USE STAGE END OF LIFE STAGE					BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES				
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	esn	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
A 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	MNR	MNR	MNR	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	Х

RESULTS C	RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A1: 1 m² floor covering													
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A 5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
GWP	[kg CO ₂ -Eq.]	1.86E+1	2.11E-1	7.72E-1	0.00E+0	2.92E-1	1.17E-2	6.67E+0	1.94E-2	2.37E-1	-7.76E-2	0.00E+0	-2.50E+0	-6.08E-1
ODP	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	2.03E-9	3.47E-17	6.10E-11	0.00E+0	1.21E-8	1.92E-18	1.46E-15	5.79E-16	7.72E-16	-1.10E- 15	0.00E+0	-3.54E- 14	-3.42E- 15
AP	[kg SO ₂ -Eq.]	2.42E-2	8.90E-4	8.79E-4	0.00E+0	1.16E-3	4.93E-5	4.12E-3	4.06E-5	6.46E-4	-9.80E-5	0.00E+0	-3.15E-3	-2.28E-3
EP	[kg (PO ₄) ³ -Eq.]	4.73E-3	2.24E-4	1.81E-4	0.00E+0	3.17E-4	1.24E-5	1.06E-3	4.50E-6	6.75E-4	-1.22E-5	0.00E+0	-3.92E-4	-2.66E-4
POCP	[kg ethene-Eq.]	2.98E-3	-3.75E-4	8.48E-5	6.29E-5	1.48E-4	-2.08E-5	2.54E-4	2.89E-6	7.29E-5	-8.93E-6	0.00E+0	-2.87E-4	-2.79E-4
ADPE	[kg Sb-Eq.]	8.28E-6	1.78E-8	2.52E-7	0.00E+0	4.43E-6	9.87E-10	9.81E-8	6.48E-9	4.61E-8	-1.45E-8	0.00E+0	-4.67E-7	-3.89E-7
ADPF	[MJ]	3.53E+2	2.88E+0	1.07E+1	0.00E+0	6.76E+0	1.59E-1	2.37E+0	2.15E-1	3.55E+0	-1.09E+0	0.00E+0	-3.50E+1	-6.69E+1

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Caption Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A1: 1 m² floor covering

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
PERE	[MJ]	3.77E+1	1.62E-1	1.48E+0	0.00E+0	1.20E+0	8.96E-3	3.41E-1	1.54E-1	2.57E-1	-2.93E-1	0.00E+0	-9.42E+0	-7.88E-1
PERM	[MJ]	3.22E-1	0.00E+0	-3.22E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
PERT	[MJ]	3.80E+1	1.62E-1	1.16E+0	0.00E+0	1.20E+0	8.96E-3	3.41E-1	1.54E-1	2.57E-1	-2.93E-1	0.00E+0	-9.42E+0	-7.88E-1
PENRE	[MJ]	2.99E+2	2.89E+0	1.14E+1	0.00E+0	7.86E+0	1.60E-1	7.52E+1	7.30E+1	3.66E+0	-1.34E+0	0.00E+0	-4.31E+1	-6.75E+1
PENRM	[MJ]	7.27E+1	0.00E+0	-7.56E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-7.27E+1	-7.27E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
PENRT	[MJ]	3.72E+2	2.89E+0	1.13E+1	0.00E+0	7.86E+0	1.60E-1	2.59E+0	3.47E-1	3.66E+0	-1.34E+0	0.00E+0	-4.31E+1	-6.75E+1
SM	[kg]	4.59E-1	0.00E+0	1.38E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	8.47E-1
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	7.27E+1
FW	[m³]	6.63E-2	1.88E-4	2.52E-3	0.00E+0	4.27E-3	1.04E-5	1.72E-2	1.78E-4	4.50E-5	-3.40E-4	0.00E+0	-1.09E-2	-6.07E-3

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; penke = Use of renewable primary energy resources; penke = Use of non-renewable primary energy energy resources used as raw materials; penke = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; penker = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; sm = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

RESULTS OF THE LCA – WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A1: 1 m² floor covering

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	C2	C3/2	C3/3	C4/1	D	D/1	D/2	D/3
HWD	[kg]	4.80E-7	1.34E-7	1.89E-8	0.00E+0	9.63E-10	7.43E-9	5.93E-9	1.44E-10	1.34E-8	-5.34E-10	0.00E+0	-1.72E-8	2.61E-9
NHWD	[kg]	5.14E-1	4.42E-4	2.81E-2	0.00E+0	5.63E-3	2.44E-5	4.22E-1	2.46E-4	3.52E+0	-6.20E-4	0.00E+0	-1.99E-2	-3.23E-1
RWD	[kg]	7.54E-3	3.57E-6	2.29E-4	0.00E+0	3.38E-4	1.98E-7	8.99E-5	5.27E-5	4.42E-5	-1.00E-4	0.00E+0	-3.22E-3	-2.09E-4
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MFR	[kg]	8.56E-2	0.00E+0	1.15E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	8.47E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MER	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.68E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	3.69E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.19E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	6.65E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.15E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components
Caption for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy



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